

## POSTOPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS

### ACL RECONSTRUCTION

#### DIET

- Begin with clear liquids and light foods (jellos, soups, etc.)
- Progress to your normal diet if you are not nauseated

#### WOUND CARE

- Maintain your operative dressing, loosen bandage if swelling at the foot and ankle
- It is normal for the knee to bleed and swell following surgery – if blood soaks through the bandage, do not become alarmed – reinforce with additional dressing
- The ACE bandage can be removed and laundered normally if needed
- Remove surgical dressing on the second post-operative day
- If minimal drainage is present, apply band-aids over incisions and change daily
- To avoid infection, keep surgical incisions clean and dry – please cover incisions with large waterproof band-aids OR you may shower by placing a large garbage bag over your operative leg starting the day after surgery – NO immersion of operative leg (i.e. bath)
- Leave the Steri Strips (white bandages) in place until your first post op appointment

#### MEDICATIONS

- Regional anesthesia and/or pain medication has been injected into the wound and shoulder joint during surgery – this will wear off within 8-12 hours
- Most patients will require some narcotic pain medication for a short period of time – this can be taken as per directions on the bottle
  - Primary Medication = Percocet (Hydrocodone)
  - Take 1 – 2 tablets every 4 – 6 hours as needed
  - Max of 12 pills per day
  - Plan on using it for 2 to 5 days, depending on level of pain
- Do NOT take additional Tylenol (Acetaminophen) while taking Percocet
  - Common side effects of the pain medication are nausea, drowsiness, and constipation – to decrease the side effects, take medication with food.
  - Ibuprofen 400-600mg (i.e. Advil) may be taken in between the narcotic pain medication to help smooth out the post-operative 'peaks and valleys', reduce overall amount of pain medication required, and increase the time intervals between narcotic pain medication usage.
- You have been prescribed Colace to help combat constipation associated with taking narcotic pain medication
- You have been prescribed Zofran to help combat any nausea or vomiting

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- You have been prescribed 81 mg Aspirin to take twice daily. This is to minimize the chance of blood clot formation
- Do not drive a car or operate machinery while taking the narcotic medication

#### ACTIVITY

- Elevate (above the level of your heart) the operative extremity to minimize swelling
- Do not place a pillow under the knee. Pillows should be placed under the heel so the knee can be held in a perfectly straight position. Your goal is to maintain full extension.
- Do not engage in activities which increase pain/swelling (prolonged periods of standing or walking) over the first 7-10 days following surgery
- Avoid long periods of sitting (without arm supported) or long distance traveling for 2 weeks
- NO driving until instructed otherwise by physician
- May return to sedentary work ONLY or school 3-4 days after surgery, if pain is tolerable

#### IMMOBILIZER

- Your brace should be worn at all times except for hygiene and exercise
- Brace should be locked in extension when upright and ambulating and at night until your first post-operative appointment
- The brace can be removed during exercises and when at rest

#### ICE THERAPY

- Begin immediately after surgery
- Use icing machine continuously or ice packs (if machine not prescribed) every 2 hours for 20 minutes daily until your first post-operative visit – remember to keep arm supported while icing

#### EXERCISE

- Begin exercises the day after surgery. Complete 3 sets of each for 10 repetitions 3 times per day.
- Perform ankle pumps several times per day to reduce the chance of a blood clot forming
- Formal physical therapy (PT) will begin after your first post-operative visit

#### **\*\*EMERGENCIES\*\***

- Contact the office at 610-237-2770
- Painful swelling or numbness
- Unrelenting pain
- Fever (over 101° – it is normal to have a low grade fever for the first day or two following surgery) or chills
- Redness around incisions
- Color change in wrist, hand or lower extremity
- Continuous drainage or bleeding from incision (a small amount of drainage is expected)
- Difficulty breathing
- Excessive nausea/vomiting
- **\*\*If you have an emergency after office hours or on the weekend, call 610-237-2770**

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- \*\*If you have an emergency that requires immediate attention, proceed to the nearest emergency room

Follow-Up Care/Questions

- If you do not already have a postoperative appointment scheduled, please contact the scheduling office during normal office hours 610-237-2770